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From Monday December 31. to Thursday January 3. 1683.

Whitehall, January 1.

THE following Addres hath been presented to His Majesty, who received it very Graciously

To the King's Most Excellent Majesty.

The humble Addres of the Comptroller and the Gentlemen under the Bar of the Honourable Society of the *Inner-Temple.*

Dread Sir,

WE beseech Your *Majesty in this time of Universal Joy to permit us Your most Dutiful and Loyal Subjects*, &c. *humbly to offer our Congratulations at Your Royal Feet, for the Deliverance of Your Sacred Person, and that of Your Illustrious Brother*, James, *Duke of York, from the Hellish Conspiracy lately form'd against You. Since the Birth of our* Saviour *nothing of more General Benefit hath happened, than the Discovery of this Damnable and Dangerous Contrivance, nor can we hope to make right use of the one, should we not from the bottom of our Breasts Abhor and Detest the other, and declare our selves at all Times and against all Persons, ready to lay down our Lives and Fortunes, in the Defence of Your Majesty's most Sacred Person, Your Lawful Successors, and those Laws which Your Majesty hath been pleased to declare You will maintain, and which by Experience we find You do. Beseeching Almighty God to grant You a long and prosperous Reign over us. And that since Your Majesty is the best of Kings, we may upon all occasions approve our selves the most Dutiful of Subjects.*

Whitehall, Jan. 2. There have been likewise presented to His Majesty very Loyal Addresses from the High Sheriff, Justices of the Peace, Grand-Jury, and Freeholders of the County of *Slego*, together with the Provost, Burgesses and Freemen of the Borough of *Slego*, at a General Quarter Sessions held for the said County the second of *October* 1683. And from the Mayor, Bayliffs, Free Burgesses, and Commonalty of the Town of *Clonmell* in the County Palatine of *Tipperary*, in *Ireland*; which His Majesty received with His accustomed Grace and Goodness.

Genoua, December 22. The *Castle* and the *Leghorne* arrived here this week in 21 days from the *Downs*. And the *Dartmouth* and *Ruby* with Poor Jack from *Newfoundland*; These left their Convoy off of *Cadiz*, and touched at *Alicant*, from whence they came in nine days. The Spanish Fleet was arrived there from *Naples*, but had lost one of their best Ships, which being engaged with a French Man of War, blew up, few or none of the men being saved. The *Thomas* and *Katherine* is arrived here in 12 days from *Tabarca*.

Madrid, December 23. They proceed here with so much rigor against the French Merchants, that no Sanctuary is capable to protect their Effects. On the second Instant a French and Spanish Man of War disputing about Salutes in sight of *Alicant*, the latter blew up: She was called the *Conception*, and carried 50 Guns and near 400 men, who were all lost. On the 6th the Spanish Armada arrived at *Alicant* from *Naples*, and sailed again the 10th for *Cadiz*, being in all 21 Ships. The *Capitana* and *Almiranta* with a third Ship of the *New Spain* Fleet, arrived last week at St. *Lucar*, they bring above a Million of Pieces of Eight for the King and about two Millions for particular persons, the rest of the Fleet having remained at *Vera Cruz*, where they could not dispose of their Goods time enough to come away with those.

Vienna, December 26. Our advices from *Hungary* inform us, that the King of *Poland* was marched from *Leutsch* towards *Esperies*, to force that place to receive a Garison of his or the Imperial Troops, which it's believed he will easily effect, the Garison which Count *Teckely* has lately put into that Town consisting but of 800 men, and the place not being very well fortified: And that General *Rabata* has sent a Body of Imperial Troops to reduce *Caschaw*. There is great expectation of the success of the Dyet which the Emperor has appointed to be held at *Presburg*, many perswading themselves that such resolutions will be there taken as will re-establish the affairs of that Kingdom; The King of *Poland* has laboured with great earnestness and application to reclaim the Hungarians that continue in Arms against the Emperor; and at the same time has, as we are assured, very much pressed his Imperial Majesty to restore the Estates that have been confiscated. We have Letters from *Cracow* of the 11th Instant, which tell us, that the Cossacks on this side the *Nieper* have offered their service to the King of *Poland*, that there are already above 20000 of them in the Field, and that their number encreases daily: That they and the Poles have retaken several places from the Turks, and that the whole Province of *Podolia* except *Caminiec*, is brought again under the Obedience of the King of *Poland*.

Lintz, December 27. Yesterday arrived here the Count *d'Alteims* the Emperor's late Envoy Extraordinary at the Court of *Sweden*. His Imperial Majesty has sent orders to the Baron *Zierowski*, who is at present in *Poland*, to part immediately after receipt thereof for *Moscow*, from whence they write, as we are told, that that Court is very much enclined to enter into the War against the Turks, to recover the places possessed by them in the *Ukraine*. Many Conferences have been of late held here, concerning the Baron *d'Abele*'s Commission, who is to preside in the Dict which the Emperor has summoned to meet at *Presburg*. From *Hungary* they write that the Grand Visier hath posted several Troops to guard the Bridge of *Essecke*.

Ratisbonne, December 29. From *Lintz* we are told, that the Baron *d'Abele*, whom the Emperor is sending in quality of his first Commissioner to *Hungary*, will be dispatched immediately after the Holy-days, and that he will have orders from the Emperor, to assure the Nobility and States of *Hungary*, that his Imperial Majesty will not be wanting to protect them against the Turks, as well as to maintain them in their Privileges. At the same time our Letters from *Hungary* tell us, that Count *Teckeley* and his Adherents are resolved not to quit their Engagements with the Turk, and that they are putting themselves into the best posture they can, in order to fall upon the Poles in their

Winter-